## INTERPRETING PROPHECY

[.	The	The "Allegorical" Method					
	A.	Atte	mpts to find a "		" message		
	B.		in this r	nethod			
		1.	It does not	Scripture, but	it		
		2.	Makes the	of the interpreter the			
		3.	Allows no means to	the	of the conclusions		
Π.	The	The "Literal" Method (a.k.a. "Grammatico-Historical")					
	A.	Allows the message to what it actually					
	B.	of this method					
		1.	Interpretation of	_ language is by finding	meanings		
		2 meanings are based on the					
		3.	Most of the Bible makes	when interpr	reted		
		4.	Allows for	of speech,			
				and	_		
		5.	Provides a	on the interpreter's			
		6.	The Holy Spirit uses	to	guide into		
			and away from $\_$				
		7.	God's revelation should	bea	and		
			rather than				
		8.	Scripture consistently in	terprets			
		9.	Any prophecy said to ha	we been	fulfilled has		
			been	fulfilled			

	C.	of this method			
		1. Interpretation is grounded in	not		
		2. Interpretation is			
		3. Interpretation succeeds in	God's Word		
		4. Interpretation may be	authoritatively		
		5. Interpretation is not based on	or		
III.	Unde	erstanding the of proph	есу		
	A.	It is often(e.g., Ge	n. 49:5-7)		
	В.	Its is often	(e.g., Jer. 25:11; 29:10)		
	C.	Requires for understand	ding (e.g., 2 Kings 7:2)		
IV.	Unde	erstanding the of prophe	су		
	A.	Testifies to God's			
	В.	Encourages			
	C.	Inspires and			
V.	Unde	erstanding for interpreting pr	ophecy		
	A.	Determine theb	ackground		
	В.	Determine the full of	the		
	C.	Determine if the text is intended to	or		
	D.	If predictive, determine if it is or or			
	E.	Determine if same is trea	ated		
	F.	Pay attention to textual			
	G.	Note any elements limited to a specific	,, or		
	н	Use the	as vour guide		