

TABLE OF NATIONS
(Genesis 10:1-32)

- I. The Sons of _____ (Gen. 10:2-4)
- A. Gomer—Cimmeria (Crimea), Germany, Cambria (Wales) are derivatives
1. Ashkenaz (Jews in _____ were called “Ashkenazi”)
 - a. Scandia (_____ and northward)
 - b. _____
 - c. Sakasenes (Armenians)
 2. Riphath (_____ may be a derivative)
 - a. Paphlagonians
 - b. Carpathians
 3. Togarmah
 - a. Armenians
 - b. _____
 - c. Turkestan
 - d. _____
- B. Magog
1. Georgia (_____ region—Scythians)
 2. Progenitors of the _____ (cf. Ezek. 38:2)
 - a. With brother Meshech (Muskovi and _____)
 - b. With brother Tubal (_____)
- C. Madai
1. _____
 2. People of _____
- D. Javan (Ionia, or _____)
1. Elisha (“Hellas” a derivative)
 2. Tarshish
 3. Kittim
 - a. _____
 - b. Ma-Kittim (“land of Kittim” may equal _____)
 4. Dodanim (or Rodanim as in 1 Chron. 1:7)
 - a. Dardanelles
 - b. Rhodes
- E. Tiras
1. Thracians
 2. Possibly Etruscans (in _____)

- II. The Sons of _____ (Gen. 10:6-20)
- A. Cush (or Kish), often translated _____
1. Seba (Sudan region, Sabean people—Isa. 45:14)
 2. Havilah, Sabtah, Sabtecha—_____ peoples
 3. Raamah—_____
 - a. Sheba
 - b. Dedan
 4. Nimrod—means “Let us _____”
 - a. Erech (Uruk) legendary home of _____
 - b. Accad (Akkad, Agade)
 - c. _____, capital of Assyria
- B. Mizraim—founder of _____
1. Ludim, Anamim, Lehabim, Naphtahim, and Caphtorim—_____
 2. Pathrusim settled Pathros, which is _____
 3. Casluhim produced the _____ (hence, _____)
- C. Canaan—may have spread further than any others of this line
1. Sidon—the _____
 2. Heth—the _____ (cf. Gen. 23:10)
 3. Inhabitants of the “_____ of _____” (Jebusites, Amorites, Girgasites, Hivites, Arkites, Sinites, Aradite, Zemarite, Hamathite.)
- III. The Sons of _____ (Gen. 10:21-32)—listed to the _____ generation
- A. Elam—Elamites
1. Susa or Shushan (east of Mesopotamia)
 2. Merged with the _____ to form the _____ Empire
- B. Asshur—_____
1. Apparently “invaded” by _____ to found Nineveh
 2. Merged with the _____
- C. Lud—Lydians in Asia Minor
- D. Aram—Arameans (_____)
1. Uz—region in _____, homeland of _____
 2. Hul, Gether, and Mash _____ today
- E. Arphaxad—From whom came the line of the _____
1. Salah, his son
 2. Eber, his grandson (_____ a derivative, cf. Gen. 14:13)
 - a. Peleg—Forefather of _____
 - b. Joktan—thirteen sons all associated with _____
- IV. Provide Genealogical _____ for _____ (cf. Acts 17:26)