

CAIN AND ABEL
(Genesis 4:1-26)

- I. The _____ of Cain (4:1-15)
- A. The _____ born (4:1-2)
1. Cain means " _____ " (cf. 3:15), he was _____
(1 Jn 3:12), and became a _____
 2. Abel means " _____ ", he was a righteous _____
(Mt 23:35; Lk 11:50-51; Heb. 11:4), and became a

- B. Cain's faulty _____ (4:3-5)
1. Showed his heart was not _____ before _____ by his
_____ the fruit of

 2. Showed by his _____ to _____ with
_____ for being _____
- C. Cain's faulty _____ (4:6-8)
1. God offered _____ if Cain would _____
 2. God warned of _____ if Cain _____
 3. Cain responded by _____ his _____
- D. Cain's _____ (4:9-12)
1. God gave Cain an _____ to _____
 2. Cain _____ to God, defying God's right to _____ him
 3. God pronounced _____ on Cain
 - a. Lost his _____

b. Lost his _____

E. Cain's _____ (4:13-15)

1. _____ the _____ of what he had done
2. _____ the _____ of others
3. Received from God a " _____ " or a " _____ " for his
_____ and to _____ him of his

II. The _____ of Cain (4:16-24)

A. Cain's _____ (4:16-17)

B. Cain's _____ (4:18-24)

1. Lamech took _____ in _____ of God's design
2. Lamech had _____
 - a. Jabal invented _____ and developed methods for
_____ and _____ of
"cattle"
 - b. Jubal invented _____ and _____ instruments
 - c. Tubal-cain invented metallurgy in _____ and _____,
perfecting and teaching both _____ and
_____ applications
3. Lamech's _____ of strength in _____ and
determination of _____ (4:23-24)

III. A _____ of Hope (4:25-26)

- A. Birth of _____ (" _____ " or " _____ "),
evidence of Eve's _____
- B. Birth of _____ ("mortal _____ " or " _____ of the flesh")
- C. Men "began to _____ upon the _____ of the _____ "
 1. Refers to _____

2. Also implies _____