WAS JESUS CONCEIVED BY A VIRGIN? (Matthew 1:25; Luke 1:26-27, 34)

I. The Historical _____

- A. Matthew 1:18-25 and Luke 1:27-37
- B. The Epistle of Ignatius to the Ephesians, chapter 18, early 2nd century

II. The Factual _____

- A. Bible teaches the ______ of Christ (John 1:1-2; 8:58; Phil. 2:5-11)
 - 1. Jesus was fully ______ of His pre-existence (John 8:56-58; 16:28; 17:5)
 - 2. Jesus was the ______ of all things (John 1:3, 10; Col. 1:15-16)
 - 3. At times in the OT He ______ to men (John 1:18)
 - 4. _____ the _____ testified of His pre-existence (John 1:15, 30)
- B. Bible prophecy ______ the coming of the pre-existent Jesus
 - 1. His incarnation was ______ before creation (1 Pet. 1:20)
 - 2. His coming was ______at the Fall (Gen. 3:15)
 - Isaiah foretold the _____ conception of _____ incarnate (Isa. 7:14)
- C. Jesus' _____ nature demands it, because He must be _____
- D. His claim to the _____ of _____ required it
- III. The Typical ______
 - A. "It is biologically _____"

	1.	Mary was perplexed, because she she was a virgin (Lk 1:34	4)
	2.	Joseph was distraught, because he he was not the father	
		(Matt. 1:19-20)	
	3.	Both, because they knew is	
		impossible with (Lk 1:37)	
в.	"The	story is based on ancient"	
	1.	There is hero of ancient mythology said to have been	
		born	
	2.	No Jew would construct such a story from	
C.	"The	virgin conception is mentioned only by and	,,
	1.	Does not mean that Mark and John did not believe Jesus had been	
	2.	The two accounts were(cf. Gal. 4:4)	
D.	"There are in the birth narratives"		
	1.	Matthew reports on perspective and Luke on	
	2.	Matthew providesgenealogy and Luke	
The _		Denial (1 John 4:1-3)	
A.	Demo	ons could not help but acknowledge that Jesus was "the o	of
		" (Matt. 8:29)	
В.	Demo	ons that He is truly a (cf. Heb. 2:14-18)	
	1.	Rejecting the virgin conception also rejects Jesus'	
	2.	The virgin conception was the means through which t	:he
		could be made	

IV.