THE MEANING OF HOLINESS (Leviticus 11:44; 1 Peter 1:16)

- I. What Exactly Does the Bible Mean by the Word *Holy*?
 - A. Most people think of holiness in terms of moral purity or righteousness
 - B. There are two major meanings of the term *holy*
 - 1. The secondary meaning refers to righteousness and purity
 - 2. The primary meaning of holiness is separation or apartness
 - a. God is other or different
 - b. God is transcendent (that which goes above and beyond the commonplace)
 - c. What makes something sacred or holy is the touch of God upon it
 - d. We fear God because He is different
- II. The Sociology of Holiness
 - A. Rudolph Otto studied people's reactions to that which they considered to be holy
 - 1. He used the term *mysterium tremendum*
 - 2. This refers to that which provides a sense of mystery and incites fear
 - B. The basic response of human being to that which they consider holy is a response of ambivalence
 - 1. Holiness both fascinates us and terrifies us
 - 2. It can attract us as well as repel us
- III. Holiness Is at the Very Core of the Character of God
 - A. Understanding this aspect of God is the priority of learning
 - B. The first petition of the Lord's Prayer is that the name of God be treated as sacred—"Hallowed be Thy name"
 - C. We are not to take the name of the Lord God in vain
 - D. When we are called to be holy, we are called to bear witness to the righteousness of God—to mirror and reflect His character