

NEHEMIAH'S BURDEN
(Nehemiah 1:1-11)

- I. _____ from Jerusalem (Neh. 1:1-3)
- A. Establishing the _____ of Nehemiah (1:1)
1. His name means “The LORD _____”
 2. It was late-_____ to early-_____ of _____ BC
 3. He was in _____, the capital
- B. Receiving the _____ (1:2-3)
1. A _____ arrived from Jerusalem
 2. He asked about the status of the _____ and _____
 3. They reported the _____ were distressed and the _____ and _____ were rubble
- II. _____ in Susa (Neh. 1:4-11)
- A. Nehemiah's _____ of _____ (1:4-7)
1. It came from profound _____
 2. He acknowledged God's universal _____
 3. He praised God's _____

4. He acknowledged the need for _____
5. He identified _____ among the _____

B. Nehemiah's _____ for God's _____ (1:8-11)

1. He acknowledged the _____ of Israel's _____
2. He claimed the _____ of _____ if they _____
3. He affirmed that the Jews remained God's _____ whom He had _____
4. He asked God to make him " _____ " and grant him " _____ " before the king
5. He was _____ to the _____

III. Lessons

- A. Godly prayer acknowledges the _____ of _____
 - B. When your prayer is _____ with Scripture, you can expect God to _____
 - C. _____ comes _____ from God
 - D. Accomplishing the Lord's work frequently requires the service of _____

1. Don't _____ the work to the " _____ "
 2. Don't _____ because you think you aren't _____
